Approved For Release 2003/05/19 : CIA-RDP79T00975A0107	oposecret

25X1



DIRECTORATE OF INTELLIGENCE

25X1

Central Intelligence Bulletin

DEPT OF STATE review(s) completed.	Top Secret	
	c 214	
	24 January 196	

24 January	1968

25X1

Central Intelligence Bulletin

CONTENTS

25X1 .	
	Dominican Republic: Violence is threatened and may include US citizens. (Page 4)
	Denmark: Election could result in first non-Socialist government in almost 15 years. (Page 5)
	Venezuela-USSR: Pressure building up on Caracas to resume diplomatic relations with Soviets. (Page 6)
	USSR: Big decisions pending (Page 7)
25X1	
•	India: Popular unrest (Page 8)

Next 3 Page(s) In Document Exempt

<u>Dominican Republic:</u> There are threats of increased violence which may include US citizens as targets.

Speaking to a labor group on 20 January, leaders of the Marxist-Leninist Dominican Popular Movement reportedly said the party has adopted a political line of violence similar to that of the Guatemalan revolutionaries. The spokesmen stressed that their party must strike back against 'repression,' and made it clear that US citizens would be included.

The secretary general of the left-of-center Dominican Revolutionary Party has issued an implied warning that the left will have no recourse but to employ counterterrorism if acts of violence allegedly directed by the right at former "constitutionalists" continue.

Some increase in violence has been apparent during the past few months, but only a few incidents appear to have political overtones and there is no evidence of a calculated campaign of violence by the right or left. Acts of terrorism by the left, however, probably would be met by ruthless counterterrorism from the right.

25X1.

24 Jan 68	4	

*Denmark: The marked shift to the center in yesterday's national elections is expected to lead to the formation of Denmark's first non-Socialist government in almost 15 years.

The biggest losers were Prime Minister Krag's Social Democrats and the parties on the left. The most spectacular gains were made by the Radical Liberals—a party with pacifist inclinations—who more than doubled their representation by winning 28 seats in the 179—member parliament. This small party now holds the balance of power, and there is a strong possibility that it will join with the larger Conservative and Moderate Liberal parties to form a majority government.

Despite its majority position, such a government would not hold out the hope for increased stability or a firmer commitment to NATO and defense policies generally. Faced with Denmark's economic problems, all parties are prepared to slash further the already inadequate defense budget. In addition, the question of Denmark's continued membership in NATO after 1969 could become a contentious issue for the coalition partners since the Radical Liberals favor a referendum on this question.

The election outcome apparently was not greatly influenced by the furor which developed over the crash of a nuclear-armed US bomber in Greenland. The continuing public outcry over this incident, however, is almost certain to lead to pressures on the new government to monitor and control more effectively US activities in Greenland. Copenhagen may seek formal assurances that the US will comply with Denmark's policy of not allowing nuclear weapons on its soil or flights of nuclear-armed aircraft over its territory.

24 Jan 68 5

Venezuela-USSR: Colombia's recent resumption of diplomatic relations with the USSR has increased the pressure on Venezuela to follow suit.

The leading Caracas newspaper claims that President Leoni would like to take similar action before his term ends early next year. Many political leaders, including those of the major opposition parties, are on record as favoring a resumption of relations, which were broken in June 1952 following a diplomatic incident fabricated by Venezuela.

Venezuela now has diplomatic relations with Poland, Yugoslavia, and Rumania, and has accepted commercial missions from Czechoslovakia and Hungary. For some time Venezuela has been considering expanding its trade relations with the Soviet Union, and a commercial delegation will visit Moscow this spring.

Some government officials would prefer postponing diplomatic action until the Soviets demonstrate pressure on Castro to cease his intervention in Venezuelan affairs. The US Embassy in Caracas comments, however, that "as euphoria develops in the absence of any significant insurgency and as domestic campaign pressures grow, Venezuelan resistance to relations obviously diminishes. The Colombian initiative adds to this pressure."

25 (1

24 Jan 68 6

NOTES

USSR: The leadership will not be ready to make decisions on a number of pending questions connected with US-Soviet relations for a month to six weeks. Ambassador Dobrynin told Ambassador Thompson in Moscow last week that ratification of the US-Soviet consular agreement and renewal of the cultural exchange agreement would probably not have top-level approval before then. Dobrynin also indicated that the central committee meeting thought to have been scheduled for this month would not take place for at least another four to six weeks. These revelations suggest that the deliberations now going on in the Politburo are weighty and difficult and that the central

committee meeting will await their outcome.

7 24 Jan 68

India: Unrest is mounting again in Tamil-speaking south India over charges that recent legislation does not adequately protect the rights of linguistic minorities. Major disturbances are expected within the next few days in Madras, which three years ago was torn by extensive anti-Hindi rioting. Students have already rioted in Bangalore, the capital of neighboring Mysore state, and sporadic demonstrations are occurring in some areas of Andhra Pradesh. "Anti-Hindi martyrs day," commemorating the death of students in similar riots on 25 January 1965, will be especially touchy.

25X

24 Jan 68	8	

25X1	Top Secret

Top Secret